

# ALL NEW ENGLAND JOINS BOSTON IN WELCOMING WILSON HOME

find himself thrown upon barren ground.  
"If America were now to fail the world, what would become of it? America is the hope of the world, and if she does not justify that hope the results will be unthinkable."  
"Suppose we sign the treaty of peace, and do no more, we will have nothing but a modern scrap of paper."  
"No assurances would be given to a down-trodden people that they would be safe. We set this nation up to make men free, and now we will make men free."

"What we are doing is to hear the whole case; hear it from the mouths of the men most interested; hear it from those who are officially commissioned to state it; hear the rival claims; hear the claims that affect new nationalities, that affect new areas of the world; that affect new commercial and economic connections that have been established by the great world war through which we have gone."  
And I have been struck by the moderation of those who have represented national claims. I can testify that I have nowhere seen the gleam of passion. I have seen tears come to the eyes of men who plead for down-trodden people whom they were privileged to speak for; but they were not the tears of anger, they were the tears of ardent hope.

"I don't see how any man can fail to have been subdued by these pleas, subdued to this feeling, that he was not there to assert an individual judgment of his own, but to try to assist the cause of humanity."  
"And in the midst of it all every interest seeks out, first of all, when it reaches Paris, the representatives of the United States. Why? Because—and I think I am stating the most wonderful fact in history—because there is no nation in Europe that suspects the motives of the United States."

And I have been struck by the moderation of those who have represented national claims. I can testify that I have nowhere seen the gleam of passion. I have seen tears come to the eyes of men who plead for down-trodden people whom they were privileged to speak for; but they were not the tears of anger, they were the tears of ardent hope.

## SHOE WORKERS ON STRIKE; 85 FACTORIES INVOLVED

Manufacturers Declare Unions Refuse to Arbitrate Demand for 40 Per Cent. Increase.

A strike for a 40 per cent increase in wages began to-day in the shoe industry of Greater New York, according to an announcement this afternoon by Raymond P. Morse, Chairman of the Labor Board of the Shoe Manufacturers' Board of Trade, No. 64 Flatbush Avenue, Brooklyn.

Eighty-five factories, with a combined output of 50,000 pairs of shoes a day, are involved, and more than 12,000 employees being affected by the cessation of work. Less than 4,000 of these belong to the unions which ordered the strike, Mr. Morse declared, but the others will soon be laid off because of lack of work.

"The manufacturers have offered to abide by the decision of an impartial court of arbitration," said Mr. Morse. "The workers refuse to arbitrate, which makes the manufacturers confident that the workers themselves doubt whether their demands are just."

**Paderewski's Resignation Refused.**  
PARIS, Feb. 24.—Ignace Jan Paderewski, the Polish Premier, offered his resignation yesterday to Gen. Pilsudski, the Chief of State, who declined to accept it, says a Havas despatch from Warsaw under Sunday's date. Gen. Pilsudski asked Premier Paderewski to continue his functions.

**Full Kills Army Aviator.**  
HOUSTON, Tex., Feb. 24.—Lieut. C. L. Price, stationed at Waco, Tex., was killed at Ellington Field here when an airplane in which he was flying fell 150 feet. Lieut. Leo McVinn, a passenger, escaped without injury.

## COMMITTEE FIXES RESPONSIBILITY OF AUTHORS OF WAR

Ready to Place Its Findings Before the Full Peace Council.

PARIS, Feb. 24.—The sub-committee of the Peace Conference dealing with the responsibility of the authors of the war has completed its work. Its report has not been made public, but as its meetings and the hearings it gave were attended by nearly all the members of the full committee, there seems no doubt that the report will receive formal approval and be laid before the Supreme Council.

It is believed that the sub-committee has made findings only as to the moral responsibility of the authors of the war and not as regards technical violations of international law by individuals.

Other sub-committees dealing with various phases of responsibility for the war have not yet reached the point of reporting their findings.

That Mexican problems already have been the subject of formal discussions between the delegates of the peace conference and that Great Britain and France have indicated willingness to leave to the United States adjustment of all questions in Mexico in which their nationals are interested was revealed by the publication in Paris newspapers of the announcement of the formation of an international committee of bankers to protect the holders of Mexican securities.

It is not planned to bring the Mexican question before the conference officially, but advantage has been taken of the presence here of official representatives of the three nations most concerned to bring the committee into existence at this time and to begin joint consideration of plans that may serve as a basis of adjudication.

Mexico is not represented at the conference, but the presence in Paris of Alberto U. Pani, as a representative of President Carranza, opens the way for direct negotiations should they be desired.

## WOMAN ACCIDENTALLY KILLS MOTHER OF FOUR

Sailor's Wife Said to Have Discharged Pistol When Neighbor Came to Borrow Boiler.

Mrs. Elizabeth Reck, No. 104 Hudson Street, Hoboken, thirty-four years old and the mother of four small children, was shot and almost instantly killed to-day in a neighbor's house.

Mrs. Gertrude Pasco, nineteen, who was arrested on a charge of murder, is said to have declared she fired accidentally. Her story is corroborated by Mrs. A. J. Bates, in whose home she roomed. Mrs. Pasco's husband is a sailor at the Pelham Bay Training School.

Mrs. Bates asked to borrow Mrs. Pasco's wash boiler, according to the story told by the two women. Mrs. Pasco went to a closet to get the boiler and found a revolver.

"Look what I've got," she said. Then the revolver was discharged, striking Mrs. Bates in the mouth. Mrs. Pasco denied she pulled the trigger.

## ENRIGHT DOESN'T LIKE RYAN'S ACT AT DELMONCO'S

Deputy's Attempt to Shut Off Meeting of Liberal Clubs Not Approved by Commissioner.

Allan A. Ryan is Special Deputy Commissioner in command of the Division of National Defense, of which Inspector Thomas V. Underhill, formerly in command of the Coney Island district, is in active charge.

There are fifty men assigned to this division. Their duties now are to guard the waterfront and to keep soldiers and sailors from obtaining liquor.

Ryan serves in an executive capacity only. He has not been at Police Headquarters more than three times since the first of the year.

The Division of National Defense was created Jan. 30, 1918, and Ryan was appointed Special Deputy Commissioner in charge of it on March 19, 1918. He serves without pay.

To-day it was learned at Police Headquarters that Commissioner Enright is displeased with Ryan's order to break up a meeting of liberal clubs at Delmonico's last night. How far the displeasure will go is problematical.

## WOMAN, ACCUSED BY WIFE, HELPS HER WIN BIG VERDICT

Mrs. Mabel Wolcott, Riding With George M. Peters When He Was Killed, Testifies for Widow.

Mrs. Mabel W. Wolcott, who was named in a separation suit five years ago by Mrs. Mary Agnes Peters as the woman who had lured away her husband, George M. Peters, artist, portrait painter and scenic designer, took the stand in the Supreme Court to-day and gave testimony that aided Mrs. Peters in obtaining a verdict of \$15,000 against the 42d Street, Manhattanville and St. Nicholas Avenue Railway Company.

The suit resulted from an accident Feb. 12, 1917, at 129th Street, when Peters, who was automobile with Mrs. Wolcott, was killed and Mrs. Wolcott was slightly injured. Peters left all his estate to Mrs. Wolcott and Mrs. Peters has been conducting a rooming house.

Mrs. Wolcott, who admitted lying at the address in Leona, N. J., which was given as Peters's home, described the accident, becoming Mrs. Peters's most valuable witness.

## NO CRIME IN BROOKLYN.

But Bridge Plaza Court Has Bustiest Day in Its History.

The Bridge Plaza Court, Brooklyn, had the busiest day in its history to-day when up to 2 o'clock more than 100 cases were tried and over \$500 had been paid in fines. Up to that neither Magistrate Fowler nor Chief Clerk John McKee had taken their usual time off for lunch.

During the day the Chief Clerk and his assistants, Charles Wehr and C. Durr were working in their shift sleeves, the first time they had doffed their coats since the beginning of the winter season. It was hoped to clear up the calendar by 2 o'clock, but it was thought several cases might have to go over until to-morrow.

## WILLIAMS'S NAME APPROVED.

Senate Committee 9 to 4 for Comptroller's Confirmation.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 24.—By a strict partisan vote of 9 to 4, the Senate Banking Committee decided to-day to recommend confirmation of the nomination of John Skelton Williams to succeed himself as Comptroller of the Currency.

Previously the committee had blocked the Republican fight against Mr. Williams by stopping the taking of testimony.

## Decorations on Commonwealth Pier at Boston In Honor of the Landing of Wilson To-Day



COMMONWEALTH PIER. (UNDERWOOD AND UNDERWOOD)

## BOSTON'S WELCOME AS ENTHUSIASTIC AS ANY IN EUROPE

(Continued from First Page.)

the party through a flag-decorated canopy passage, and then by elevators to the street floor, where the main welcoming throng was waiting.

The reception was of an informal character. Mayor Peters, at whose invitation the President chose Boston as his home-coming port, making the presentations. Prominent among those who came with the President from France and disembarked with him here were David R. Francis, Ambassador to Russia; Assistant Secretary of the Navy Frank D. Roosevelt and Mrs. Roosevelt and Rear Admiral Carey T. Grayson, the President's physician.

## PARADE ACROSS CITY THROUGH CHEERING THROGS.

Less than half an hour was consumed by the greetings. As soon as the presentations were completed the Presidential party entered automobiles and began a parade through the city through streets lined throughout the two-mile route with double ranks of soldiers and sailors and banked with cheering thousands.

In the car with President and Mrs. Wilson were Gov. Coolidge and Mayor Peters. Secret Service men were in the next car. The third contained Maj. Gen. Clarence R. Edwards, commanding the Northeastern Department, Rear Admiral Spencer S. Wood, commanding the First Naval District, Maj. Gen. Henry P. McCain, commander at Camp Devens and Brig. Gen. Johnson W. Ruckman, commanding the North Atlantic Coast Artillery District. Mrs. Coolidge, Mrs. Peters, Ambassadors Francis and Rear Admiral Grayson were in the next car and in others were Assistant Secretary of the Navy Roosevelt and Mrs. Roosevelt, Miss Benham, Mrs. Wilson's secretary and Congressmen Holvering, Norton and White.

At Dewey Square in front of the South Station where the street widens, the first big crowd was encountered, and the noise was correspondingly increased. At the corner of Washington Street, where Summer Street merges into Winter Street, there was a great congregation of the crowd eager to get a glimpse of the President. As the head of the parade passed this point the pressure on the guards became so great that the line threatened to break. The guards held firm and with the aid of the police the way was kept open for the Presidential cars.

At the head of Winter Street, entering Tremont, the President got his first views of masses of humanity banked on the Common and in front of the State House, where the reviewing stand was placed. Passing the famous "Brimstone Corner" and up the steep incline of Park Street, the President heard a roar of welcome from thousands.

As he passed the State House the President was greeted by 400 wounded veterans of the war brought here for the occasion from nearby hospitals and camps. They occupied seats of honor on the official State reviewing stand with Lieut. Gov. Channing H. Cox, State officials, members of the Legislature and other special guests.

From the State House the parade followed down Beacon Street and through Arlington Street, skirting the Common and the Public Garden,

greeted on every side by a demonstrative multitude from the Public Garden. The route was through Commonwealth Avenue and Dartmouth Street to Copley Square and the Copley-Plaza Hotel. All along the way through this district stores and residences were gayly decorated and the President was obliged to bow continually in recognition of the demonstration from the crowds.

Thousands of people from all parts of New England arrived on early trains to swell the throng in the streets through which it was arranged that the President should pass on his way from Commonwealth Pier to his hotel in the Back Bay district.

## EXTRAORDINARY PRECAUTIONS TO GUARD PRESIDENT.

Extraordinary precautions were taken to guard the President. The Hotel Copley Plaza was patrolled with many secret service men. Mechanics' Hall, where the speech was to be made, was surrounded by officers early in the day. Men with rifles were stationed on roofs of several buildings. Persons without credentials were not even permitted to cross the streets through which the President's automobile was to proceed. Troops sent in from the forts were supplied with regulation cartridges—no blanks. Nine hundred policemen were stationed on the line of march.

After the streets had been roped off a police automobile went slowly over every foot of the way to be traversed by President Wilson. A guard was placed in the subway at a point where the parade was to pass over it. Those opening stores or window space to spectators were warned to scrutinize carefully all persons admitted to such places of vantage.

The troops who came from France with the Presidential party on the transport were not forgotten in the general celebration. Delegations from the Red Cross, Y. M. C. A., Knights of Columbus and Jewish Welfare Board were on board some of the city boats prepared to assist in extending a hearty welcome to the soldiers. They carried supplies of doughnuts, coffee, chewing gum, cigarettes, stationery and newspapers.

## BOUQUET FOR WILSON FROM SUFFRAGE ASSOCIATION.

President Wilson came from his room in the hotel to greet a delegation from the Massachusetts Woman's Suffrage Association, headed by Mrs. Charles Sumner Bird. Mrs. Bird presented the President with a large bouquet of American beauty roses. In recognition, she said "of his work and efforts toward liberty, democracy and self-government for all the peoples of the world and his interest in our cause."

Mrs. Bird told the President that she brought the greetings of all the members of the Massachusetts Woman's Suffrage Association to which the President replied: "Give them my warmest regards and sympathy."

## WILSON MAKES SPEECH TO TROOPS ON TRANSPORT

Told His Fellow Passengers the Folks at Home Would Be Proud of Them.

BOSTON, Feb. 24.—Before leaving the George Washington President Wilson went to the quarter-deck and made a short speech to the troops.

He said it had been a great pleasure to be fellow passengers with them, and that he was sorry the necessity of stopping at Boston had delayed their arrival at New York, whence they will go to demobilization camps.

The folks at home, he said, were proud of them, and would be glad to see them.

To Cure a Cold in One Day. Take LAXATIVE BROMO-QUININE (Fehelst). It stops the Cough and Headache and works off the Cold. E. W. GROVE'S signature on box. 25c—Advt.

## AMIR OF AFGHANISTAN ASSASSINATED; ONCE TRIED TO PURCHASE DUCHESS

Habibullah Khan, Who Had Ruled Since 1901, Had Four Wives.

LONDON, Feb. 24.—HABIBULLAH KHAN, the Amir of Afghanistan, was murdered on Feb. 20, according to an official announcement made here to-day.

The Amir was attacked early in the morning while in camp at Laghman and shot dead. No arrests in connection with the murder have been reported. The motive for the crime is still obscure.

## 10,000 SOLDIERS DUE HERE ON 12 TRANSPORTS TO-DAY AND TO-MORROW

(Continued from First Page.)

men on the cruiser Montana. They are 6 officers and 148 men of the 302d Trench Mortar Battery, all from the metropolitan district. They arrived home just a year to a day from the date they sailed.

According to the returning men the rest of the 77th Division is soon to sail for home. As they were leaving Chaumont advance detachments of the division were moving toward Brest, they said.

The Trench Mortar Battery was in command of Capt. Samuel J. Reid of this city, who went to the first Plattsburg Camp. Other officers were Lieut. David F. Taylor of Montclair, Lieut. James M. Ross of Richmond Hill, Lieut. Arthur McCartney of Ardley and Lieut. Adriel Harris of this city. The surgeon was Lieut. Joseph Bruno of Brooklyn.

The battery was attached to the 152d Artillery Brigade when it went to France. The hardest action it saw was in the Baccarat sector. It also saw fighting on the Vesle and Meuse Rivers, and at the Argonne. Its casualties were small.

"The unit took in the Jewish clothing maker and the Italian bootblack, and was typically representative of cosmopolitan New York," Capt. Reid said. "And, let me tell you, they made fine soldiers, every one of them, and their intelligence was high."

"They were citizen soldiers pure and simple, even to the officers. All were Camp Upton product. New York may well be proud of the boys behind the guns of the 302d."

The battery went to Camp Upton, where it will be demobilized.

2,000 Troops and 600 Nurses Coming on Three Ships.  
WASHINGTON, Feb. 24.—The cruiser Frederick and the transports Cartago and Sierra are on the way home with about 2,000 troops and nearly 600 nurses. The Frederick is due in New York Saturday, the Cartago March 5 and the Sierra the same day. On the Sierra is a casual company of New York troops.

**Brazilian Admiral Feted.**  
PARIS, Feb. 24.—Admiral Frontin, commanding the Brazilian squadron now in French waters, returned here to-day from a visit to the battlefields near Rheims and Verdun. Georges Leygues, French Minister of Marine, gave a banquet to him to-night, at which the guests included the Brazilian Minister and French naval officers of high rank.

**HELP WANTED—FEMALE.**  
GENERAL HOUSEWORK; best references; good wages, 34c, 314 West End St.

## HELD ON MURDER CHARGE, ALSO FOR THEFT OF GEMS

Goldstein Sent to Tombs in Connection With Hold-Up of Jewelry Store—Another Sought.

Arraignment to-day before Judge Crain in General Sessions of Sidney Goldstein, No. 548 East 163d Street, the Bronx, on indictments charging murder and robbery in the first degree, was said by the police to have cleared up the hold-up at Capp & Graham's jewelry store, No. 429 Madison Avenue, Feb. 4, and the murder which followed it when John McGovern, a clerk in the employ of the New York Central Railroad, tried to intercept the thieves.

Immediately after Goldstein was remanded to the Tombs without bail. Detectives Hughes prepared to go to Palm Beach to bring back William Simon, alias Miller, No. 1029 Tinton Avenue, Bronx, indicted on similar charges as Goldstein's confederate.

Judge Crain issued a bench warrant for the arrest of Simon, alias Miller, who is detained in West Palm Beach.

Simon's brother-in-law, Julius Berlin, No. 1129 Davidson Avenue, Bronx, is under arrest charged with receiving the stolen property, practically all of which has been recovered.

Goldstein was arrested after he was killed by a hammer thrown by a chauffeur.

## SILK MAN AIDS O'LEARY.

Noonan Says Truth Society Was Opposed to Carnegie Society.

Charles Noonan was on the witness stand to-day to testify in favor of Jeremiah O'Leary, who is being tried before Judge A. N. Hand in the Federal District Court for violation of the Espionage Act. Noonan is employed by a silk house. He compared the activities of the American Truth Society, which O'Leary organized, with the Carnegie Peace Society. He declared the Truth Society was formed to counteract the activities of the Peace Society, which he said opposed enlarging the army and navy. O'Leary, he claimed, favored increasing the army and navy and forcing the Panama Canal.

He testified that O'Leary had openly denounced the signing of the Lusitania and that the Truth Society had passed resolutions denouncing Germany for that act.

## GEN. NICHOLSON FOR UPTON.

Assigned to Command Camp by War Department.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 24.—Orders assigning new commanders to nearly a score of camps were announced to-day by the War Department. The orders include Gen. William J. Nicholson to command Camp Upton, New York.

Among Brigades assigned to command Depot Brigades is William F. Martin, Camp Dix.

## Secretary Wilson's Son Only Soldier Allowed to Land.

BOSTON, Feb. 24.—James H. Wilson, son of Secretary of Labor William B. Wilson and a private in the Medical Corps, was the only man among the returning troops who was permitted to leave the ship here, the others remaining aboard for the trip to New York. Private Wilson had been ordered to proceed at once to Washington because of the serious illness of his mother.

New Haven to Greet Wilson as He Passes Through.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Feb. 24.—The city of New Haven will tender President Wilson a monster reception at the railroad station here to-night. Mayor Fitzgerald this noon issued an invitation to the entire population to meet him at City Hall at 8 o'clock to-night and march to the railroad station to greet the President.

## FOOD REACHES WARSAW.

WARSAW, Sunday, Feb. 23 (Associated Press).—An economic mission composed of six British railway and mining experts has arrived here to study conditions preliminary to reporting to the British Government. Ten trainloads of food have been shipped in from Danzig, where relief ships are being unloaded. One train has been sent to Lemberg, but the Ukrainians have cut off railway communication beyond that point.

**Military With Mission in Berlin Withdrawn.**

BERLIN, Feb. 24 (Associated Press).—Military members of the recently established American Mission in Berlin have been withdrawn.

## "UNCONSTITUTIONAL"

the question as to whether Washington will decide the legality of the bone dry law can best be judged by sane and normal minds.

can you deprive a human being of one of the necessities of life, or deprive him of his beer or wine, when his health depends so much upon it? and so it is with many other necessities that go to make life worth while living. men and women from all over the state cry out aloud that without a glass of beer or wine, or even a real turkish bath at fleischman's, life is not worth living. It does the trick.

## PENNY A POUND PROFIT

Trade Mark

Mid-Week Special for Tuesday and Wednesday, Feb. 25th and 26th

CHOCOLATE COVERED EN SURPRISE—The name never fails to identify a rare treat in delicious sweets. The jackets are of Unexcelled chocolate and the centers are of the most delicious and varied flavors. Every child will delight in it. Special for Tuesday and Wednesday. FOUND BOX 25c

Attractive Offerings for Monday, Feb. 24th. STARTING OFF A WEEK OF BANNER VALUES.

CHOCOLATE COVERED COCAINUT ROYALS—The heart of this sweet is composed of the choicest, freshest San Blas Grated Coconut, compounded by a covering of our Unexcelled, rich, fragrant, velvety chocolate. A combination without a peer. FOUND BOX 49c

BETTER PEANUT BUTTER—The most popular confection in the world, we think we can make it without fear of contradiction. Everybody likes these deliciously salty, golden brittle, thickly coated with choicest fresh peanuts. FOUND BOX 34c

LONDON BUTTER TOFFEE—The famous English Chewing Candy, which is really a member of the big Taffy family. Each piece is wrapped in a square waxed paper. This confection is popular with thousands of candy lovers everywhere. FOUND BOX 44c

For exact location see telephone directory. The specified weight includes the container.

Stores: New York, Brooklyn, Newark.

For exact location see telephone directory. The specified weight includes the container.

For exact location see telephone directory. The specified weight includes the container.

For exact location see telephone directory. The specified weight includes the container.

For exact location see telephone directory. The specified weight includes the container.

## Don't Be Deceived

by Imitators who offer you a counterfeit package.

Get the Genuine GREEN BOX



A Delicious Confection Relieve Hoarseness. Stop a Cough SOLD EVERYWHERE

ADVANCE NOVELTY CANDY MANUFACTURING CO. 519 East 72nd Street, New York City